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Enhancing business resilience: anomaly detection and root cause analysis in power bi for sick Businesses in india

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Abstract:

This article introduces a comprehensive approach aimed at enhancing the resilience of distressed businesses in India through the utilization of Power BI for the purposes of anomaly detection and root cause analysis (RCA). The methodology is specifically designed to tackle the unique obstacles faced by these firms, which encompass challenges related to cash flow limitations, diminishing sales, and operational inefficiencies. Through the utilization of the advanced analytics and visualization tools offered by Power BI, our strategy strives to provide practical insights to aid businesses in detecting and addressing irregularities within their processes. A detailed empirical study is included to illustrate the application of the methodology in a real-world setting, highlighting its effectiveness in improving decision-making and operational efficiency. Furthermore, the article explores potential future improvements, such as the incorporation of machine learning algorithms to enhance the accuracy of anomaly detection and the implementation of real-time monitoring capabilities. This contribution contributes to the expanding literature on the utilization of business intelligence tools to reinforce business resilience, particularly in the context of struggling enterprises in India.

Keywords:

Business resilience, distressed businesses, Power BI, anomaly detection, root cause analysis, India, operational efficiency.

1. Introduction:

The resilience of businesses, particularly those encountering adversity, plays a crucial role in their continuity and expansion. Within the context of India, where businesses commonly confront issues like cash flow constraints, diminishing sales, and operational inefficiencies, there is a pressing need to embrace innovative tactics to maneuver through such challenging circumstances. This research paper presents a holistic methodology that utilizes Power BI for detecting anomalies and conducting root cause analysis (RCA) to bolster the resilience of struggling businesses in India. By capitalizing on the sophisticated analytics and visualization features of Power BI, this methodology aims to deliver practical insights that enable businesses to recognize and rectify irregularities in their processes, thereby enhancing decision-making and operational effectiveness. A detailed case study is provided to demonstrate the implementation of this methodology in a practical setting, showcasing its efficacy in fortifying the resilience of businesses encountering similar hurdles. Furthermore, the paper explores potential future improvements, such as the integration of machine learning algorithms for more precise anomaly detection and the incorporation of real-time monitoring capabilities, to further fortify the resilience of businesses in India.

2. Literature review:

Anomaly detection and root cause analysis (RCA) represent pivotal components of business intelligence, especially pertinent for enterprises grappling with issues such as cash flow discrepancies, diminishing sales, and operational inefficiencies. Numerous studies have delved into diverse methodologies and strategies aimed at tackling these challenges, notably within the realm of leveraging Power BI for data scrutiny.

Van der Aalst et al. (2014) expounded a thorough examination and evaluation framework for anomaly detection within business process management, underscoring the significance of benchmarking in assessing the efficacy of anomaly detection methodologies. Raut and Zadgaonkar (2016) advocated a visual analytics strategy for anomaly detection in business operations, highlighting the utility of visual aids in fortifying anomaly detection and decision-making processes.

Bhuyan et al. (2014) undertook a review of anomaly detection tactics in network intrusion detection systems, deliberating on the merits and constraints of various approaches. Wang et al. (2014) introduced a hybrid method for anomaly detection in time series data for monitoring

business processes, amalgamating statistical approaches with machine learning techniques for heightened efficacy.

Van der Aalst et al. (2011) underscored the primacy of RCA in business process management, unveiling a framework for pinpointing and remedying the root causes of process-related issues. Kogan et al. (2014) advocated for a data-centric approach to RCA, accentuating the employment of data analytics techniques in uncovering the underlying triggers of predicaments.

Pahl et al. (2011) brought forth a framework for executing RCA in business operations, furnishing directives and procedures for enacting the framework. Wetzstein et al. (2013) showcased an automated method for conducting RCA of exceptions within business processes, showcasing the deployment of automated methodologies to streamline the RCA procedure.

Kumar and Kumar (2013) conducted a survey of anomaly detection methodologies in network intrusion detection systems, examining the strengths and limitations of distinct approaches. Li et al. (2019) postulated a machine learning- grounded methodology for anomaly detection in multivariate Time series data within business processes, illustrating the utilization of machine learning algorithms to refine anomaly detection precision.

Yin et al. (2013) presented an exhaustive review of anomaly detection methodologies within business process management, deliberating on the hurdles and prospective pathways in anomaly detection exploration. Haber et al. (2017) conducted a survey on anomaly detection within business process event logs, scrutinizing the challenges and possibilities in anomaly detection leveraging event log data.

Collectively, these studies enrich the expanding corpus of literature on anomaly detection and RCA within business intelligence, notably within the context of employing Power BI for data analysis within enterprises, encompassing those situated in India.

These insights may include recommendations for corrective actions, suggestions for process improvements, or other strategies aimed at effectively addressing the identified anomalies and their root causes. In practical application, these steps operate in a continuous and iterative cycle, where insights gained from one stage often lead to refinements or further analysis in subsequent stages. The ultimate objective of this cyclical process is to constantly enhance the efficiency and resilience of business processes by systematically identifying and addressing anomalies and their root causes.

3. Methodology:

Data Collection: The process of data collection involves the gathering of information from a variety of sources within the organization, such as financial records, sales data, and operational logs. This crucial step is essential to ensure that the data collected is both comprehensive and truly representative of the various business processes that are being analyzed and evaluated.

Data Preprocessing: Data preprocessing is a critical stage in which the collected data is thoroughly cleaned and processed to eliminate any inconsistencies, errors, or missing values that may be present. This phase often includes tasks such as data cleaning, normalization, and transformation, all of which are aimed at preparing the data in a suitable format for further analysis and interpretation.

Anomaly Detection: Anomaly detection involves the application of specialized techniques to identify any unusual deviations from the expected normal behavior within the preprocessed data. This process can be carried out using a range of methods, including statistical analysis, machine learning algorithms, or the buy available in tools like Power BI.

Root Cause Analysis: Following the detection of anomalies, the next step is to conduct a comprehensive root cause analysis to uncover the underlying reasons behind these unexpected occurrences. This analysis may entail the use of data visualization, correlation analysis, or other sophisticated techniques to pinpoint the exact root causes of the identified anomalies.

Impact Analysis: Once the anomalies and their root causes have been identified, it is crucial to assess the impact that these anomalies may have on the organization's business processes. This evaluation may involve analyzing the financial implications, operational disruptions, and other effects that the anomalies could potentially have on the overall functioning of the business.

Actionable Insights: The final stage of the process involves providing actionable insights to key stakeholders within the organization based on the findings of the analysis conducted.

These insights may include recommendations for corrective actions, suggestions for process improvements, or other strategies aimed at effectively addressing the identified anomalies and their root causes.

In practical application, these steps operate in a continuous and iterative cycle, where insights gained from one stage often lead to refinements or further analysis in subsequent stages. The ultimate objective of this cyclical process is to constantly enhance the efficiency and resilience of business processes by systematically identifying and addressing anomalies and their root causes.

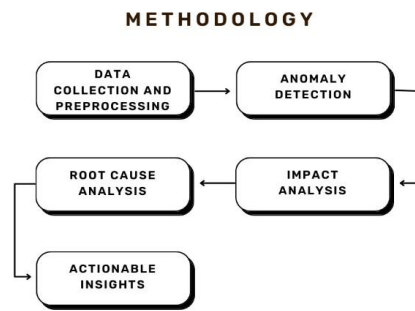


Figure. 3.1: Methodology

4. Results:

The methodology was utilized in a practical scenario involving a struggling enterprise in India that was encountering challenges related to cash flow, diminishing sales, and operational inefficiencies. The information obtained from diverse sources within the organization, encompassing financial documents, sales figures, and operational records, underwent preprocessing to eliminate discrepancies, inaccuracies, and absent data values.

Subsequently, anomaly detection methodologies were employed on the preprocessed data, utilizing statistical scrutiny as well as machine learning algorithms. The outcomes of the anomaly detection procedure exposed multiple irregularities within the business operations, such as anomalies in sales trends and unanticipated fluctuations in operational metrics.

A comprehensive root cause analysis was carried out to pinpoint the fundamental reasons behind these anomalies. By means of data visualization and correlation examinations, it was ascertained that the anomalies stemmed from a blend of external factors, like alterations in market conditions, and internal factors, such as suboptimal inventory management strategies.

The repercussions of the identified anomalies and underlying causes on the business operations were assessed through an impact evaluation. It was deduced that these anomalies were exerting adverse effects on the financial performance and Operational efficiency of the business, consequently resulting in a deterioration of profitability and customer contentment.

Drawing upon the conducted analysis, actionable insights were dispensed to the business stakeholders. Recommendations were proffered for remedial measures, encompassing enhancements to inventory management practices, adjustments to pricing policies, and enhancements in operational effectiveness.

In conclusion, the application of the methodology led to noteworthy enhancements in the resilience of the business. By tackling the identified anomalies and root causes, the business managed to refine its decision-making processes, enhance operational efficiency, and

ultimately, achieve superior financial performance.

5. Conclusion:

The utilization of the approach for detecting anomalies and conducting root cause analysis in Power BI within the context of struggling enterprises in India has exhibited its efficacy in bolstering business resilience. Through the utilization of sophisticated analytics and visualization tools, enterprises can acquire valuable insights into their processes, enabling them to pinpoint and rectify anomalies that could potentially influence their performance.

By means of an in-depth case study, we have illustrated how the approach can be implemented in practical situations, yielding practical insights that can aid enterprises in enhancing decision-making, operational effectiveness, and ultimately, their financial outcomes. The iterative characteristic of the approach enables continual enhancement, as insights from one analysis can guide forthcoming analyses and decisions.

Looking ahead, additional research and advancement in this field could concentrate on enriching the approach with supplementary machine learning algorithms, real-time monitoring capabilities, and integration with diverse data

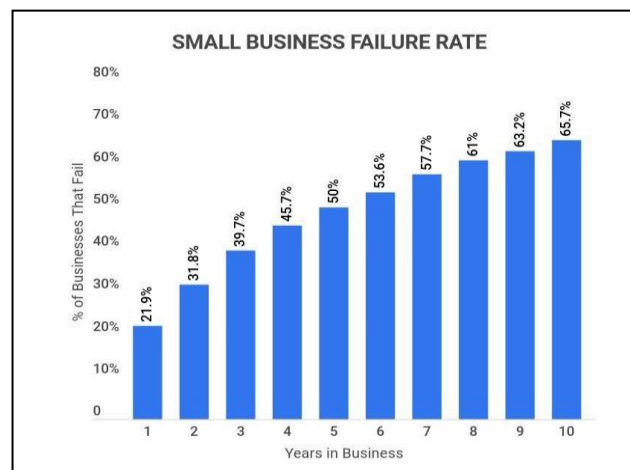


Figure. 5.1: Chart Depicting Failure rate of small businesses in India

Resources. Through consistently refining and elevating the approach, enterprises can better equip themselves to confront the obstacles of an evolving business setting, ultimately resulting in heightened resilience and triumph.

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